



SECTION 09670 (09 67 23)

RESINOUS FLOORING AND WALL SYSTEMS

TENNANT WALL DF

MPE-PTTopcoat\*-URE\*(withFS)(Fumed Silica)-URE(withFS)-URE(withFS)

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Resinous Systems of the Following Types:
  - 1. Tennant Wall DF.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 03300 – Cast-In-Place Concrete.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - 1. ASTM C 413 - Standard Test Method for Absorption of Chemical-Resistant Mortars, Grouts, Monolithic Surfacing, and Polymer Concretes.
  - 2. ASTM D 635 - Standard Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position.
  - 3. ASTM D 695 - Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Plastics.
  - 4. ASTM D1475 - Standard Test Method For Density of Liquid Coatings, Inks, and Related Products.
  - 5. ASTM D 2047 - Standard Test Method for Static Coefficient of Friction of Polish-Coated Flooring Surfaces as Measured by the James Machine.
  - 6. ASTM D 2240 - Standard Test Method for Rubber Property—Durometer Hardness.
  - 7. ASTM D 2244 - Standard Practice for Calculation of Color Tolerances and Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates.
  - 8. ASTM D2369 - Standard Test Method for Volatile Content of Coatings.
  - 9. ASTM D 2370 - Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Organic Coatings.
  - 10. ASTM D 3960 - Standard Practice for Determining Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content of Paints and Related Coatings.
  - 11. ASTM D 4060 - Standard Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by the Taber Abraser.
  - 12. ASTM D 4366 - Standard Test Methods for Hardness of Organic Coatings by Pendulum Damping Tests
  - 13. ASTM D5441 - Standard Test Method for Analysis of Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) by Gas Chromatography.

14. ASTM D 7234 - Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Adhesion Strength of Coatings on Concrete Using Portable Pull-Off Adhesion Testers.
  15. ASTM F 1869 - Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride.
  16. ASTM F 2170 - Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes
  17. ASTM G 154 - Standard Practice for Operating Fluorescent Ultraviolet (UV) Lamp Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials.
- B. Deutsches Institute fur Normung (DIN):
1. DIN 53460 – Testing of Plastics; Determination of the Vicat Softening Temperature of Thermoplastics.
- C. International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI):
1. ICRI 310.2R - Selecting and Specifying Concrete Surface Preparation for Sealers, Coatings, Polymer Overlays, and Concrete Repair.
- D. Military Specifications (MIL):
1. MIL-D-3134J - Deck Covering Materials.
- E. National Floor Safety Institute (NFSI):
1. ANSI/NFSI B101.1 - Test Method for Measuring Wet SCOF of Common Hard-Surface Floor Materials.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under provisions of Section 01300.
- B. Product Data:
1. Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including properties, VOC content, wet static coefficient of friction, compressive strength, tensile strength, elongation and similar properties.
  2. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  3. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  4. Typical installation methods.
- C. Verification Samples: Two representative units of each system, including color and texture.
- D. Shop Drawings: Include details of materials, construction and finish. Include relationship with adjacent construction.
- E. Manufacturer's Certification: Submit manufacturer's certification that materials comply with specified requirements and are suitable for intended application.
- F. Manufacturer's Project References: Submit manufacturer's list of successfully completed resinous flooring system projects, including project name and location, name of architect, and type and quantity of flooring systems furnished.
- G. Applicator's Project References: Submit applicator's list of successfully completed resinous flooring system projects, including project name and location, name of architect, and type and quantity of flooring systems applied.
- H. Care and Maintenance Instructions: Submit manufacturer's care and maintenance instructions, including cleaning instructions.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with a minimum five years documented experience.
- B. Applicator's Qualifications:
  - 1. Applicator regularly engaged, for a minimum of 5 years, in application of resinous flooring systems of similar type to that specified.
  - 2. Employ persons trained for application of resinous flooring systems.
- C. Source Limitations: Provide each type of product from a single manufacturing source to ensure uniformity.
- D. Mock-Up: Construct a mock-up with actual materials in sufficient time for Architect's review and to not delay construction progress. Locate mock-up as acceptable to Architect and provide temporary foundations and support.
  - 1. Intent of mock-up is to demonstrate quality of workmanship and visual appearance.
  - 2. If mock-up is not acceptable, rebuild mock-up until satisfactory results are achieved.
  - 3. Retain mock-up during construction as a standard for comparison with completed work.
  - 4. Do not alter or remove mock-up until work is completed or removal is authorized.

## 1.6 PRE-INSTALLATION CONFERENCE

- A. Convene a conference approximately two weeks before scheduled commencement of the Work. Attendees shall include Architect, Contractor and trades involved. Agenda shall include schedule, responsibilities, critical path items and approvals.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery Requirements: Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's original, unopened containers and packaging, with labels clearly identifying product name, manufacturer, and batch number.
- B. Storage and Handling Requirements:
  - 1. Store and handle materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Keep materials in manufacturer's original, unopened containers and packaging until application.
  - 3. Store materials in clean, dry area indoors between 65 and 80 degrees F (18 and 27 degrees C).
  - 4. Store materials out of direct sunlight.
  - 5. Keep materials from freezing.
  - 6. Protect materials during storage, handling, and application to prevent contamination or damage.

## 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Apply flooring system under the following ambient conditions:
  - 1. Ambient and Concrete Floor Temperatures: Between 65 and 85 degrees F (18 and 29 degrees C).
  - 2. Material Temperature: Between 65 and 85 degrees F (18 and 29 degrees C).
  - 3. Relative Humidity: Maximum 80 percent.
  - 4. Dew Point: Floor temperature more than 5 degrees over dew point.

- B. Do not apply flooring system under ambient conditions outside manufacturer's limits.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Submit manufacturer's standard warranty.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: Tennant Coatings Inc., which is located at: 701 N. Lilac Dr.; Minneapolis, MN 55440; Toll Free Tel: 800-228-4943; Email:[request info \(Coatings@tennantco.com\)](mailto:request_info@Coatings@tennantco.com); Web:<http://www.tennantcoatings.com>
- B. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 01600.

### 2.2 TENNANT WALL DF

- A. Tennant Wall DF TENNANT WALL DF MPE-PT Topcoat\*-URE\* with FS (Fumed Silica)-URE with FS-URE with FS
  1. Primer Coat: Eco-MPE, 4 mils.
  2. First Broadcast Coat with decorative vinyl flake (1/4, 1/8, or micro): Eco-PT Topcoat, 6 mils.
  3. Second Broadcast Coat with decorative vinyl flake (1/4, 1/8, or micro): Eco-URE with fumed silica, 6mils.
  4. Grout Coat: Eco-URE with fumed silica, 6 mils.
  5. Topcoat: Eco-URE with fumed silica, 6 mils.
  6. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

### 2.3 PRODUCT PROPERTIES

- A. Eco-MPE: A neutral, two-component, high solids epoxy.
  1. Percent Solids, by weight (by volume), ASTM D1475, A + B: 95.45 (94.56).
  2. Volatile Organic Compound-VOC, ASTM D3960, Mixed A + B: 0.41 lb./gal (49 g/L).
  3. Abrasion Resistance, mg loss, Taber Abraser, C-17 Taber Abrasion Wheel, 1,000 gram load, 1,000 revolutions, ASTM D4060: 83.1.
  4. Coefficient of Friction-COF, James Friction Tester, ASTM D2047: 0.59-0.62.
  5. Adhesion to Concrete, ASTM D5441: 732 psi (4.48 MPa) concrete failed.
  6. Adhesion to Concrete, ASTM D7234: 450 psi (3.10 MPa) concrete failed.
  7. Compressive Strength, ASTM D695: 13,500 psi (93.079 MPa).
  8. Tensile Strength, ASTM D2370: 8,000 psi (55.158 MPa).
  9. Percent Elongation, ASTM D2370: 5.
  10. Shore D Hardness, ASTM D2240: 80-85 @ 0 sec, 75-80 @ 15 sec.
- B. Eco-PT Topcoat: A high solids, thickened epoxy for sealing an overlay or if an "orange peel" texture is desired.
  1. Percent Solids, by weight (by volume), ASTM D2369, A + B: 95.12 (94.92) .
  2. Volatile Organic Compound-VOC, ASTM D3960, A + B: 0.44 lb./gal (53 g/L).
  3. Abrasion Resistance, mg loss, Taber Abraser, CS-17 Taber Abrasion Wheel, 1,000 gram load, 1,000 revolutions, ASTM D4060: 83.
  4. Tensile Strength, ASTM D2370: 8,000 psi (55.16 MPa).
  5. Percent Elongation, ASTM D2370: 5.
  6. Shore D Hardness, ASTM D2240: 75-80 @ 0 sec, 70-75 @ 15 sec.

- C. Eco-URE: A two-component, high solids, UV resistant epoxy.
  - 1. Percent Solids, by weight (by volume), ASTM D2369, A + B: 92.60 (92.11).
  - 2. Volatile Organic Compound-VOC, ASTM D3960, A + B: 0.67 lb./gal (81 g/L).
  - 3. Abrasion Resistance, mg loss, Taber Abraser, C-17 Taber Abrasion Wheel, 1,000 gram load, 1,000 revolutions, ASTM D4060: 80-90.
  - 4. Coefficient of Friction-COF, James Friction Tester, ASTM D2047: 0.59-0.62.
  - 5. Compressive Strength, ASTM D69: 13,500 psi (93,150 MPa).
  - 6. Tensile Strength, ASTM D2370: 8,000 psi (55,158 MPa).
  - 7. Present Elongation, ASTM D2370: 5.
  - 8. Shore D Hardness, ASTM D2240: 80-85 @ 0 sec, 70-85 @ 15 sec.
  
- D. Decorative Flake: Water-based resin material, inorganic minerals, additives, integrally pigmented.
  - 1. Shape: Random.
  - 2. Size: 1/4,1/8, or Micro.
  - 3. Surface Texture: Smooth.
  - 4. Color: Selected by Architect.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine wall surfaces to receive flooring system. Verify wall is structurally sound.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Protection of In-Place Conditions: Protect adjacent surfaces and adjoining walls from contact with flooring system materials.
- C. Surface Preparation:
  - 1. Prepare wall surface in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Remove dirt, dust, debris, oil, grease, curing agents, bond breakers, paint, coatings, sealers, silicones, and other surface contaminants which could adversely affect application of wall system.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install wall system in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and approved submittals at locations indicated on the Drawings.
- B. Ensure wall surface is dry, clean, and prepared in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Mixing:
  - 1. Mix material components together in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Mix only enough material that can be applied within working time.
  - 3. Add and mix colorants with materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to achieve uniform color.

- D. Apply wall system materials to obtain consistent mil thickness and smooth, uniform appearance and texture.
- E. Overlay: Apply overlay in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Apply overlay to prepared concrete surface.
- F. Seal Coat:
  - 1. Apply seal coat in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Apply seal coat over traction aggregate.

#### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field Inspection: Coordinate field inspection in accordance with appropriate sections in Division 01.
- B. Manufacturer's Services: Coordinate manufacturer's services in accordance with appropriate sections in Division 01.

#### 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Allow wall system to dry in accordance with manufacturer's instructions before opening to traffic.
- B. Protect completed wall system from damage during construction.

END OF SECTION